BUILCE

768

OWNER'S MANUAL



LeSABRE
WILDCAT
ELECTRA 225

CLASSICAPCHIVE

THE MARK OF EXCELLENCE



This is the General Motors much of excellence that appears on all Buick motor vehicles.

We use it in the same spirit with which crettamen, through the construct, have used a personal mark to identify the products of their skills. We are proud of the things we make, and we want our customers to be able to identify them easily and to know that we stand behind them.

Whenever you see this mark of proclience, you can be certain that it represents our very finest in design and engineering. That it has been built with care and dedication, and that it offers all the quality, reliability, safety and value that you have come to expect from Suick.

WARRANTY

When purchased new, your Buick is covered by the Buick New Vehicle Warranty and Policy on Buick Owner Service, both of which are contained in your Owner Protection Plan booklet given to you by your Authorized Buick Dealer at the time of delivery.

All information contained in this booklet is based on the latest product information available at the time of printing. The right is reserved to make changes at any time without notice.

GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION FLINT, MICHIGAN 48550

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Highway Safety depends on . . .

- 1. You, The Driver
- 2. The Condition of Your Vehicle
- 3. The Traffic and Highway Conditions

. . . BE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND ALL THREE!

Remember Proper operation, periodic maintenance and safety inspections help provide . . .

- Economical Operation of Your Vehicle
- Safety for You and Your Passengers
- Dependable Transportation

OBSERVE ALL TRAFFIC LAWS - MAKE SAFE DRIVING A HABIT

SAFE DRIVER CHECK LIST

2002	
Padal travel Fluid level	OBSERVE ROAD AND WEATHER CONDITIONS AND DRIVE ACCORDINGLY
Burned-out, broken bulbs Headlamp alm	ADJUST SEATS AND MIRRORS FOR CLEAR VISION AND SAFE DRIVING
TURN SIGNAL AND HAZARD WARNING FLASHER Proper operation of	DRIVING AWAY FROM WHERE YOU ARE PARKED
ind ators	STEERING AND WHEEL ALIGNMENT
Check tire pressure requiarly Cuts and bruises Uneven wear Remaining tread	Excessive play in wheel Bent wheels WINDSHIELD WIPERS AND WASHERS Condition of wiper blades
MAKE SAFETY BELTS A HABIT Buckle up for sefety	Operation of washer WINDSHIELD DE-ICER AND DEFOGGER Proper operation
Cracked, broken or missing	Proper operation
MENTALLY AND PHYSICALLY ALERT	Check for mounting, looks, missing or demaged parts

Don't invite car theft! An unlocked car with the keys still in the ignition offers both opportunity and temptation.

Remember always to lock ignition, lock all doors . . . TAKE THE KEY!

NOTE: Your 1968 Buick features as standard equipment a buzzer device which will activate when the driver's door is opened and the key left in the switch. Heed its warning—let it also serve to remind you to lock all doors.

The identification number of your vehicle is located on the instrument panel and is visible from the outside. It is also stamped prominently on the engine and transmission. These precautions have been taken for your protection to aid the apprehension of thieves and the recovery of stolen vehicles, engines and transmissions and to serve as a deterrent to theft itself.

QUICK REFERENCE OF SAFETY AND THEFT INFORMATION

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A WORD ABOUT . . .

Vehicle Safety and the Initial Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards

Buick has for many years been a leader in the field of automotive safety. Almost every advance in design and engineering since the inception of the industry has contributed to the safety, reliability and durability of our cars. Continuation of this important and vital trend is exemplified in your 1968 Buick. Important safety advances are designed to aid in avoiding accidents and in reducing injuries during the accident and as a result of the accident.

But remember — it takes more than a safe car to avoid accidents. Observe all traffic laws, make safe driving a habit and maintain your car in top condition.

Your new 1968 Buick conformed to all federal motor vehicle safety standards applicable at time of manufacture. Effectiveness of these safety features can best be continued through periodic vehicle inspection and regular maintenance.

The initial Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards encompass a number of systems on all passenger cars. To promote better understanding of these standards, following are those standards applicable to passenger cars, and the purpose and scope of each.

INITIAL FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARDS

(Effective January 1, 1968) *

Amendment to certain of these Standards and additional Standards that would apply to 1968 Model passenger cars manufactured after January 1, 1968 were under consideration by the National Safety Bureau at the time this Owner's Manual was prepared.

STANDARD NO. 101

Control Location and Identification

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies the requirements for location and identification of certain controls to facilitate their selection and ensure their accessibility.

STANDARD NO. 102

Transmission Shift Lever Sequence, Starter Interlock and Transmission Braking Effect

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies the requirements for the transmission shift lever sequence, a starter interlock, and for a braking effect of automatic transmissions, to reduce the likelihood of shifting errors, starter engagement with vehicle in drive position, and to provide supplemental braking at speeds below 25 miles per hour.

STANDARD NO. 103

Windshield Defrosting and Defogging

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies requirements for providing vision through the windshield during frosting and fogging conditions.

STANDARD NO. 104

Windshield Wiping and Washing Systems

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies requirements for wind-shield wiping and washing systems.

STANDARD NO. 105

Hydraulic Service Brake, Emergency Brake, and Parking Brake Systems

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies requirements for hydraulic service brake, emergency brake, and parking brake systems intended to ensure adequate braking performance under normal and emergency conditions.

STANDARD NO. 106

Hydraulic Brake Hoses

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies requirements for hydraulic brake hoses that will reduce brake failures due to fluid leakage.

STANDARD NO. 107

Reflecting Surfaces

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies reflecting surface requirements for certain vehicle components in the driver's field of view.

STANDARD NO. 111

Rearview Mirrors

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies requirements for rearview mirrors to provide the driver with a clear and reasonably unobstructed view to the rear.

STANDARD NO. 203

Impact Protection for the Driver from Steering Control System

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies requirements for steering control systems that will minimize chest, neck, and facial injuries to the driver as a result of impact.

INITIAL FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARDS (Continued)

STANDARD NO. 204

Steering Control Rearward Displace-

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies requirements limiting the rearward displacement of the steering control into the passenger compartment to reduce the likelihood of chest, neck, or head injury.

STANDARD NO. 205

Glazing Materials

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies requirements for glazing materials to reduce lacerations to the face, scalp, and neck, and to minimize the possibility of occupants being thrown through the vehicle windows in collisions.

STANDARD NO. 206

Door Latches and Door Hinge Systems

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies load requirements for door latches and door hinge systems to minimize the probability of occupants being thrown from the vehicle in a collision.

STANDARD NO. 207

Anchorage of Seats

Purpose and Scope. This standard ostablishes requirements for seats, their attachment assemblies, and their installation to minimize the possibility of failure by forces acting on the seat as a result of vehicle impact.

STANDARD NO. 208

Seat Belt Installations

Purpose and Scope. This standard establishes requirements for seat belt installations.

STANDARD NO. 209 1

Seat Belt Assemblies

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies requirements for seat balt assemblies.

STANDARD NO. 210

Seat Belt Assembly Anchorages

Purpose and Scape. This standard specifies the requirements for seat belt assembly anchorages to ensure proper location for effective occupant restraint and reduce likelihood of failure in collisions.

STANDARD NO. 211

Wheel Nuls, Wheel Discs, and Hub Caps

Perpose and Scope. This standard precludes the use of wheel nuls, wheel discs, and hub caps that constitute a hazard to pedestrians and cyclists.

STANDARD NO. 301

Fuel Tanks, Fuel Tank Filler Pipes, and Fuel Tank Connections

Purpose and Scope. This standard specifies requirements for the integrity and security of fuel tanks, fuel tank filler pipes, and fuel tank connections to minimize fire hazard as a result of collision.

PUBLIC LAW 87-637 (1962) *

An Act to provide that hydraulic brake fluid sold or shipped in commerce for use in motor vehicles shall meet certain specifications prescribed by the Secretary of Commerce. The requirements of this law were issued as standards when the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Act of 1966 was enacted.

The seat (lap) belt and brake fluid standards are applicable to all 1968 models
of affected vehicles.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

All important driver controls have been located to be within reach of drivers properly restrained by both a seat and shoulder belt, and accessible during driving operations.

Each important control is clearly labeled to provide rapid identification if its function is not readily apparent.

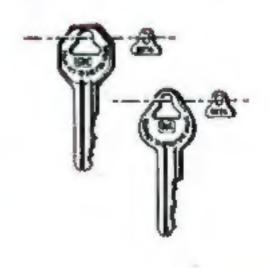
BREAK-IN PERIOD

The precision manufacture of your new Buick has eliminated need for tedious low speed driving during the break-in period. However, it is advantageous to the life of all close-fitting parts to limit speed to a maximum of 65 miles per hour during the first 100 miles with moderate stopping and starting. After the first 100 miles, speeds may be increased gradually as mileage accumulates, but up to 500 miles avoid driving for extended periods at any one speed. Varying the speed and including some higher speeds within the limits of the law, promotes longer life of parts and better economy of oil and gasoline. Never subject your car to full throttle acceleration or high speed until the engine is thoroughly warm.

KEYS

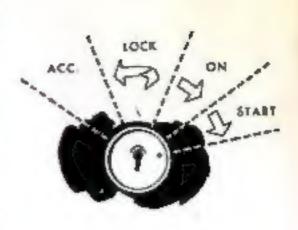
Four keys are provided with your new Buick; two with octagonal heads and two with round heads. The octagonal head keys operate the ignition switch and the door locks. The round head keys operate the glove box lock and the trunk lock.

Before placing a key on your key ring, punch out the small insert bearing the key code number. Keep it in a safe place so if the key is lost a duplicate can be ordered from any GM dealer.



IGNITION SWITCH

The ignition switch has four positions: (1) Accessory, (2) Lock, (3) On, and (4) Start. The key must be in the switch to turn it to any position other than "Lock", and the key can be removed only in the "Lock" position. With the ignition switch in the "Accessory" position the radio or other accessories can be operated without having the ignition on. The ignition switch cannot be turned to the "Accessory" position without first depressing the switch.



A high percentage of car thefts occur because car doors are left unlocked or the key is not removed from the ignition switch. Buicks are equipped with an anti-theft key warning system. Failure to remove the key from the ignition switch when in the LOCK or ACC position will cause a warning buzzer to sound when the left front door is epened.

STARTING THE ENGINE

Automatic Transmission - Place control lever in Park.

Manual Transmission - Place shift lever in neutral and hold clutch pedal to the floor.

Cold Engine - Depress the accelerator pedal to the floor once and release. This presets the automatic choke and throttle.

Warm Engine - Hold the accelerator pedal about one-third of the way down.

Next, crank the engine by turning the ignition switch to the right; release when the engine starts. As soon as the engine is running smoothly, tap the accelerator pedal to slow the engine down to warm-up speed.

Starting Hints

If the engine should far to start promptly check tems 1 through 3 below

- f the car has been idle for several days, most of the fuel will have evaporated from the carburetor. Pumping the accelerator pedal, while cranking will pump fuel directly into the engine, and will hasten the start.
- 2 At low temperatures and slow cranking speeds one or two pumps of the accelerator peda, while cranking will hasten the start. However, excessive pumping will cause flooding if this should occur handle as under flooding.
- f the engine is warm, but fails to restart promptly, there may be an excess of fue, or flooding, (This is more, kelly to occur at ow temperatures).

Flooding — Hold the accelerator pedal to the floor (fully depressed) while cranking the engine; this opens the choke to "unload" any excess fuel. When the engine starts, do not immediately release the accelerator pedal, but hold it down until the engine speed increases.

Hot Starting — Starting a car with a hot lengine requires sufficient Energizer battery) capacity. Make certain your Bulck's Energizer is in good condition. If a replacement

Energizer is purchased it should have at least the capacity rating of the original equipment unit

Cold Weather Starting Too heavy an engine of in cold weather or an out-of-tune engine can cause hard starting. For ow the viscosity recommendations in this manual Tune-up specifications can be found under "Specifications and Data."

Emergency Starting

f your Buck is equipped with a manua. I speed transmission, it can be started in an emergency by pushing. When being pushed to start the engine, turn off all unnecessary electrical loads, turn ignition to ON", depress the cutch and place the shift lever in high gear. Release the clutch when the car speed reaches 10 to 15 miles per hour. Bumpers and other parts contacted by the pushing vehicle should be protected from damage during pushing. Never tow the car to start.

Engines in vehicles with automatic transmissions cannot be started by pushing the car. To start the car when the Energizer is discharged, use an auxiliary battery or Energizer with jumper cables. Be sure to observe correct polarity (positive lemmas to positive terminal and negative terminal to negative terminal when connecting the auxiliary battery to prevent possible damage to the electrical system.

EXHAUST GAS WARNING (CARBON MONOXIDE)

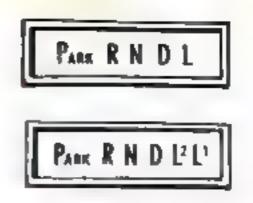
Avoid inheling exhaust gases especially in an enclosed area such as a garage. Exhaust gases contain a percentage of carbon monoxide which is a potentially lethal gas that, by litself, is testaless, colorless, and odorless. The exhaust system should be inspected for proper mounting, leaks or missing or damaged parts each time the vehicle is raised for lubrication or all change service.

SUPER TURBINE TRANSMISSIONS

Automatic transmission shift quadrants of all GM cars continue the uniform sequence of selector positions. This particularly benefits multi-car families and those who occasionally drive other cars. Shift indicators are arranged with 'Park' position at one end followed in sequence by Reverse', "Neutral" and the forward driving ranges. All automatic transmissions are equipped with a starter interlock system designed to permit starting the engine only when the transmission selector is in the Park or "Neutral" position. For additional engine braking effect, as sometimes needed in mountainous driving in place the transmission in an intermediate or low range.

Caution: When parking or leaving the car unattended, even for a few minutes, remove the ignition key, place the selector lever in "Park" position, or in first gear or reverse if manual transmission, and fully apply the parking brain.

On Buicks equipped with steering column shift, the transmission shift control lever must be raised at ght y before placing it in PARK, Low (L), or Reverse (R). On Buicks equipped with console shifts, the release button on the shifting lever knob must be depressed to move the lever into these ranges.



Park — This position is to be used in conjunction with the foot-operated "Step On" parking brake. This position must never be used when the car is in motion. Park is one of only two positions (the other is neutral) in which your 80 ck may be started.

Reverse — For backing. Bring car to complete stop before shifting into this range.

Neutral — This position must be used if towing the car, and can be used when starting the engine

Drive — For all normal forward driving. This range allows for the acceleration and cruising adequate for all but the most crucial driving situations if additional speed should be required for passing, prassite accelerator peda hard to the floorboard. The resultant action will give you instantaneous acceleration when you need it most

Low — To be used when the "going" is particularly tough such as deep snow or sand or on long or steep down grades. The shift from "Lilip" or vice versa may be made white the car is in motion by merely moving the fever. These shifts should not be made at speeds over 40 miles per hour.

Low L' or L (Super Turbine Transmission - Le Sabre 400 Wildcat, and Electra 225 — The L' position may be selected when traveling down a moderate grade where slight braking action is desired without brake application. Return the selector lever to the drive position for resumption of normal driving.

The 1 position may be selected for maximum braking down severe grades. The transmission selector lever must be placed into Drive range before the transmission will again upshift into direct drive

Rocking Car — If it becomes necessary to rock the car to free it from sand, mud or snow, move the selector lever from "D" to "R" in a repeat

pattern while simultaneously applying moderate pressure to the accelerator. Do not race engine. Avoid spinning wheels when trying to free the car.

Cold Weather Note Engine and transmission or side not flow as freely in cold weather so after the engine is started let I idle for a minute or two before starting out it's much easier on both engine and transmission.

Towing

Normally your Bulck may be towed with all four wheels on the ground for distances up to 50 miles at speeds of less than 35 miles per hour. The eight should be off and the transmission in neutral

However the drive wheels rear wheels must be raised off the ground or the drive shaft disconnected when the transmission is not operating properly or when a speed of 35 miles per hour or distance of 50 miles will be exceeded.

Caution If car is towed on its front wheels only, the steering wheel must be secured with the wheels in a straight ahead position.

Trailer Hauling

Passenger cars are designed and intended to be used primarily as passenger conveyances. A trailer cannot be towed behind a passenger car without having some effect on method of operation durability and economy. Maximum satisfaction and pleasure will be derived through use of proper equipment and avoiding overloads and other abusive operation.

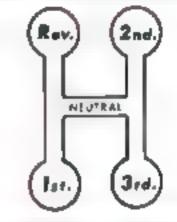


No special equipment is required other than an appropriate hitch for Buick cars to handle a traiter with gross weight less than 2,000 pounds in an adequate manner under normal occasional use although tire inflation recommendations out need in this Manual should be to lowed Buick makes light duty traiter hitches available through Buick Dealer

Parts and Accessories Departments. For hauling trailers heavier than 2,000 pounds, it is recommended that an appropriate load equal zing, frame mounted hitch be purchased from a reliable manufacturer Bumper and axle type hitches are not recommended. Generally trailer. tongue loads should be minimized by maintaining proper distribution. of the load in the trailer. General information on trailer having and optional equipment is avaitable in bookiet form and can be obtained from your Buck dealer or by writing to Buck Motor Division, Owner Relations Department, Flint, Michigan 48550.

MANUAL TRANSMISSION — 3-SPEED

All forward gears on the Buick 3-Speed manual transmission are fully synchronized. This transmission is shifted through the standard Hi pattern as shown in the clustration. Before shifting into any gear, depress the culch peda, and then shift into the desired gear. In first and reverse gears, release the crutch pedatis owly while simple laneously depressing the accelerator pedaln second and third gears, release the clutch. a the faster. This reduces the wear on the dutch and provides amouther operation.



Do's and Don'ts

Don't use second or third gear to accelerate from a stop.

Don't rest left foot on clutch pedal while driving

Don't coast in neutral

Do shift gears at moderate rate to adow time for transmission synthronizers to coordinate. "Speed Shifting" is harmful to transmission parts.

Do shut off engine and apply parking brake before leaving car

Do start car only in neutral

Do use second gear at slow speeds, (less than 30 miles per hour) when driving in stop and go" traffic, for improved vehicle performance during acceleration and when descending sleep his

The service brake system is designed for tiraking performance under a wide range of driving a notions even when the vehicle is loaded to its full rated vehicle load.

Driving through deep nater may alter brake performance To assure normal inperation after timing watted service brakes must be died. To dry them with a property the trakes while maintaining alsow forward speed with an assured lear distance ahead uits brake performance returns to normal.

Brake System Warning Light

The service brake system is designed so that it the event of a hydrau class leak in ordinal of the system the other of the provides some braking action.

A dual surpose brake syrk with a round god is to alled at the extreme off side of the instrument of the Wire to surply the source of and the god for switch is forced to the "virthe ake warring option of the god off the g

Note. This device is not to be considered as a substitute for visually checking the fluid level in the master cylinder, which is a normal maintenance item at specified intervals.

Power Brakes

Cars equipped with power brakes use engine vacuum to reduce the braking effort. The system has a vacion reserve which will supply two or more power assisted crake applient is after the engine has stopped. After the vacion reserve has seen exhausted, the vehicle can still be stopped by using greater peak torce.

Parking Brake

The parking brake operates to, list estable the rear wheel brakes independent of the regular foot brake hydraulic system. It is applied by fully depressing the foot pedal which is located to the lower efficient of the front compartment under the list ment panel. The brake system warning light also will be Offs whenever



The same given as the present and the given switch is CN.

The same grown as the present and the BRAKE RELEATE ever occurred to the present as the present a

Caution: When leaving the car unattended always place the selector ever in "Park" position (if equipped with an automatic transmission) and fully apply the parking brake

Automatic Brake Adjusters

All Bucks are equipped with settingly was which a mode which it has any store is the self-adjusting mechanism is actuated, as needed, whenever the car is moved in reverse and the brakes are applied its possible is wever for an established like that applied to possible is wever for an established like its applied to develop of the religion of reverse move established up an applied on does not take the area of a travelet to the areas. If you have applied driving a positive of the areas of the are

Caution. Brake linings should be periodically inspected for wear. The frequency of this inspection depends upon driving conditions such as traffic or terrain, and also the driving techniques of individual owners. Your Buick Dealer is best qualified to advise you as to how often this inspection should be performed. When brakes require relining, use Genuine General Motors Parts or equivalent

STEERING

Impact Protection For The Driver

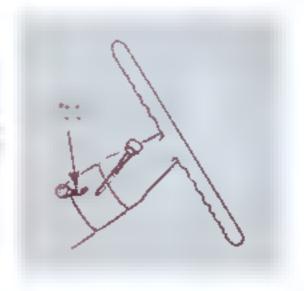
The Buick steering control system, including the General Motors developed Energy Absorbing Steering Column, is designed to reduce in unless to the driver in the event of some front end collisions by compressing at a controlled energy absorbing rate and by miting the rearward movement of the steering column and wheel into the passenger compartment during the impact and prior to the drivers body contacting the steering wheel because of his forward momentum

Power Steering

Power steering provides ease in handling making it more convenient to park and to get into or out of I ght places. Power assist is provided by a hydraulic numb driven by the engine. When the engine is not running or if the power steering pump drive belt breaks, there is no power assist and much greater steering effort will be required.

Tilt Steering Wheel

This feature affords the Buick or verease of entry and exit, and in addition pia as the steering wheel at the most comfortable and advantageous driving position for his individual size and shape. Pulling the till wheel release lever, located on the left side of the steering column, releases the till mechanism in the column so that any one of seven positions can be selected.



HOOD RELEASE

The Buick hood is front-opening and counterbalanced for easy operation. To open, locate latch beneath the gri e as shown in the i justration. Pull latch and, at the same time, lift up the hood. To close, push down on hood until latch snaps into the paked position.



DOOR LATCHES AND HINGES

The Buick door lock design contribles to passenger safety and to the security of your car and its ordent. For example, Strong door latches and stordy tinges reduce the situation by or the doors being forced open as a result of certain a library situations. Thus reducing the probability of a person being throw. From the vehicle

Front and rear doors calline lackers from the inside by depressing the small button located on the lapter duor pane. All doors call be locked from the outside by simply depressing the interior button, holding the outside door handle plunger and the door is locked.

The front doors an also be disked in the collaboration by using the octogonal shaped key.

A mode's have as a still dard sately teating free wheeling door looks. Write the oak to hors are doines ed, the door handles become mode erative preventing impover on linearing. If the doors

Caution: Do not close the vehicle door by applying pressure on the glass. Always lock the doors when driving as well as when leaving the car unattended.

Power door ocks are optimal To dail a doors amply a shifted ock control oction or either troit door at whiward to unlock at doors had be or troit as ward. The airs and also be ocked or unlocked in the conventional manner, if desired

AUTOMATIC TRUNK RELEASE

This option permits opening the true kitchen uside the car by merely pushing the release button is near them in the glove box door

Note of Caution. A way to the gibbs impattment when eaving the car in afteriors to prevent unauthorized entry acto the trunk.

Seat Anchorage

Underneath the seat trim are strong steel seat structures anchored firmly to the body. The seats and anchorages are strong enough to prevent determation during ow speed impacts but are designed in such a way that they absorb sume energy by yielding to a degree during certain more severe higher speed impacts.

Seat Back Locks

Folding seat hacks are equipped with self-latching mechanisms and release controls designed for the convenience of entering and exiting passengers.



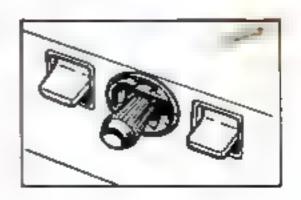
Manually Adjusted Seats

The front seat can be moved forward or rearward by moving the control lever on the deversis de of the seat forward and exerting sight body pressure in the direction desired. The seat is locked in position when the lever is remased.

Optional front reclining passenger seat backs with heart rests can be held rearward by lifting the ever on the passenger side of the seat cushion and exerting sight body pressure.

Power Adjusted Seats

Optional four-way and six-way power seats offer a variety of seat positions through the convenience of electric switches. Move the seat in the direction desired by light finger pressure on the seat switch in the corresponding direction. When the switch is released the seat is locked into position.



Vary the seat position occasionally while on a long trip. You'll find it not only adds to your comfort, but reduces the fatigue caused by sitting in one position too long.

Head Restraints

Head restraints are available for the driver and right front passenger as factory installed options. They can be all usted to different heights by pulling up or pushing down by hand. Deter is provide positive head restraint location. Head restraints should be adjusted, within I mills of travel, to contact the center of the back of the head when the head is moved streight back.

REMOVAL:

Raise headrest to full "up position. Where the support bar right bar on due bar type enters the seat back insert end of car key into slot in bar esculpheon and move release suring forward.

REARVIEW MIRRORS

Inside and outside rearview mirrors have then carefully designed and located to give the driver a clear and reasonably unobstructed view to the rear of the car. It is not intended that these mirrors as used for reverse operation in reverse gear or for surve lance of conditions close to the back of the car. It is suggested that the driver turn his head and look to the rear for backing operations, and survey the area close to the back of the car prior to enterligithe car for the backing operation. The outside mirror and mounting is free of sharp points or edges that could contribute to injury of pedestrians.

The inside rearries mirror prorphrates provide is for vertical as we as fit ad usiments to provide better positioning for the driver. The mounting is designed to deflect or collapse under certain impacts. The soft vinyl cover over the mirror support base further protects the occupants.

Caution. It is important that the driver check the mirrors for proper positioning, and that he make frequent use of the mirrors to be constantly aware of the rearward aspect of his total driving situation.

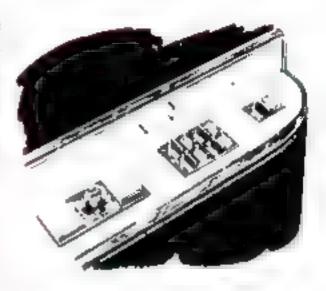
DOOR AND WINDOW GLASS

Both laminated and tempered sately glass are used in the car windows. The aminated glass used in the windshield is tough but resilient, and remains transparent when fractured the chance of an occupant penetrating the windshield in the event of certain collisions is reduced by the interlayer thus decreasing injury severity. Tempered glass used in the side windows and back windows does not incorporate an interlayer but shatters into small pieces when broken. These small pieces are character stically free of sharp edges, greatly reducing acceration potentia.

Power Windows

All power windows are wired through the ignition so that windows cannot be operated unless the gnition switch is in the "on" or "accessory" position.

Reminder Remove the ignition key when the vehicle is not attended by a responsible person). A master control for all windows is provided at the driver's position, and vidual switches are provided under each window for passenger use. If your car is equipped with power vent windows, they are operated by switches located on the front doors.



POSITIVE TRACTION DIFFERENTIAL

The Positive Traction Differential (optional at extra cost provides additional traction on snow, ice mud, sand, and gravel particularly when one rear wheel is on a surface providing poor traction.

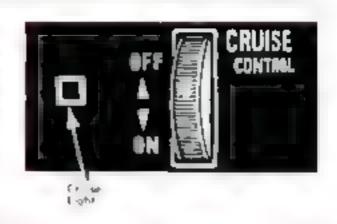
During normal driving and cornering the unit functions as a standard differential. When one wheel encounters a slippery surface however the Positive Traction Differential directs driving force to the rear wheel having the better traction.

Caution: On cars equipped with a Positive Traction Differential, do not run the engine for any reason with one rear wheel off the ground, since the car may drive through the rear wheel remaining on the ground.

Caution: On cars equipped with a Positive Traction Differential, care should be taken to maintain a light throttle when both rear wheels are on a slippery surface. A heavy throttle may cause both rear wheels to spin. This could allow the rear end of the vehicle to slide sideways on a growned road or when in a jury

CRUISE MASTER

Long distance turnpike driving can be fatiguing since main taining a stendy an exceptor foot pressure restricts the army eris body movement. Freedom from this is possible with the optional Bunk Cruise Master control which is a device for maintaining a constant car speed to coincide with posted speed limits or other safe driving conditions.



To Engage

Robite Crise Cintro switch down towards ON" when ar machine the doctred spend system is gages as with sire ease? When system is engaged cruse ight will grow

Note: Our good in stilbe over 30 m es per hour liefore system functions

To Disengage - Apply I rake yella

Rotate Crise Control switch up towards OFF" or

Turn off ignation switch

To Reset At Different Car Speed

Disengage as noted above and engage again

To reset at a lower start at the last in ward hold until car coasts down to desired start and release switch

To reset at a higher speed acrelerate to the new desired speed rotate switch downward aid release switch

Caution Do not use the Cruise Master Control when conditions do not warrant meintaining a constant speed, such as in moderate to heavy traffic or on winding or slippery roads. Under these conditions, the system should not be activated.

REAR WINDOW DEFROSTER

To insure clear vision through the rear window during inclement weather, the Rear Window Defroster has become established as a popular Bulik aclessory. This until draws in air from the passenger compartment and directs it against the back window to remove trost or mosture its blower has a two-speed control switch on the instrument pane.



AUTOMATIC LEVEL CONTROL

This option automatically maintains the rear standing height of the car at a tearly constant position regardless of load changes. It consists of rear Super if shock absorbers air compresso reservoir tank and valves it will be especially a pre-ated by Buick owners who have trainers or heavy loads. Be a select if the training end of the car remains even so that steering is cormat and head and training should have manually or or and visit in required merely load or unload your Buick at difficient will compensate for the change in weight.

RADIO5

Sonomatic Radio

The Sonomatic Radio is an all transistor radio, and bequipped with pushbuttons for presenting of the favorite stations.



Preselecting Stations

To preselect your five favorite status and end as to ows

- 1. Turn on radio
- 2. Pull out pushbutton unt 1 st.,
- 3. Manually tune to desired statis-
- 4. Fully depress pushbut

SUGGESTION: Arrange preselected stations so that dial proceeds successively from lower to higher frequency stations as the push-buttons are depressed from left to right.

If the program sounds shrill or distorted, a correction can generally be affected by adjusting the tuning knob slightly. Tune set so that the low tones are heard best since low tones are more affected by tuning than high tones.

AM-FM Radio

This optional radio offers both AM and FM reception A though FM broadcasting has the advantage of relative freedom from static and a greater fidelity of



tone, reception mitations still a be recognized. Reception is normally mited to 25 miles from the stations, targe objects such as hills or buildings can reflect or cancel signals in fringe areas where FM reception is what station sound may it tier or vary up and down, and static from passing cars may be picked up by your FM radio. When this situation is uncountered it is alignested that you refune your radio to a stronger station.

To set the radio for AM or FM relept in move the AM-FM selector bar to elther the right or left. The tive pushts thous this be set for either AM or FM stations. See method of piece elting tiese stations under Sonomatic Radio.

Best reception will be realized when the entenne is extended to approximately 30 inches.

Rear Seat Speaker

This accessory a lows both front and rear passengers to hear the radio of the same level of yourne little o contributes to a harancing of sound throughout the car so especially pleasing with FM and Stereo. Turning the right inner radio shop directs the sound to either front or rear speakers, or a blend of both

AM-FM Stereo Radio

Many FM stations have all or a portion of their programs in stereo. These broadcasts, simply stated, consist of a two channel pickup of a particular performance. The optional Buick AM-FM Stereo Receiver separates these two channels, feeding them to two separate speakers to give life-like realism to the sound.

Operation of the controls is identical to the regular AM FM radio It umination of the FM designation identifies the race yed station as broadcasting in stereo. To balance the two speakers, merely turn the inner, right hand radio knob.

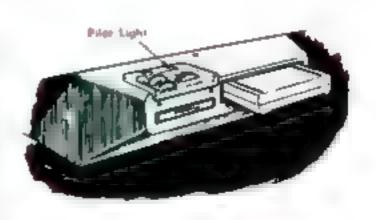
Power Antenna Option

The externally mounted electrically operated antenna is raised or owered by operating the ANTENNA switch on the instrument pane. For satisfactory radio operation, the antenna should be extended from he feway to the full up position.

Stereo Tape Player

This accessory provides the finest in tape recorded stereo music to add to your driving pleasure.

The Buick Stereo Tape Unit uses the new stendard eight track stereo tape cartridge containing four entertainment programs. These cartridges are avail-



able from ocal music stores or from masic supply houses

The Stereo Tape Unit—s turned on by inserting a cartridge through the tape door with label side up and open end first. It is turned off by withdrawing the cartridge part way. A prior light on the unit indicates when the player is in operation. The radio need not be turned on if it is on when the stereo tape cartridge is engaged, the radio will turn off automatically.

CONTROLS:

Program Depressing the Program bar selects one of the four

programs. However, transfer of programs is automatic as

the tape is played

Balance Turning this contrill regulates the volume level of the

and vidual speakers, increasing one and decreasing the

other

Valume Turning this control regulates the virtually of both speakers.

Tone Turning this control provides for the selection of a pre-

dominance of bass or treble tones

Tape cartridges should a ways the removed from the player when not in use and stored where they are not explicated to heat or direct size ight. Also is get tape, ife and better performs the rish be expected from the Buick Sterna Tape Unit if the lattridge is removed from the player prior to forming off the automatile lightly switch.

TACHOMETER

Many car enthus 1815 like to know what the engine is turning at various car speeds. Therefore, the taken meter is offered as ont one or imprent on certain mode is to indicate the speed at with the engine is turning in revolutions per minute. Each of the smaller graduations represents 100 engine RPM.

HEATER - DEFROSTER - AIR CONDITIONER VENTILATION

Windshield Defrosting and Defagging

The windshield defrosting and defogging system assists in providing good visibility through designated areas of the windshield under most inclement weather conditions. For immediate operation of the vehicle, the windshield should be scraped clear.

Note. Clear snow or ice from cowl air inlets. This will improve healer and defroster efficiency and reduce formation of fog or frust on the inside of the windshield during mitial operation under certain almospheric conditions.

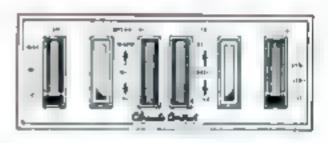
Heater and Defroster

Two rotary controls and a fan switch control the heater and detroster. If unimated color bands provide clear identification of the various heater and detroster positions. Read highest point of band.

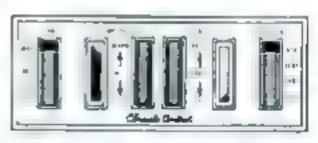
The TEMPERATURE control regulates the temperature of the air from the instrument pane outlets The DEFROST control directs air flow from either the health out lets or onto the windshield from the defroster outlets.

The 'FAN switch turns or the blower to increase air flow through the outlets. This switch has three blower speeds.

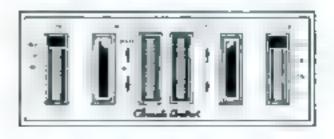
Off Position



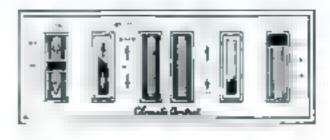
Maximum Heat



Maximum Defrest



Blend Position (Both Heat & Defrost)



Heater - Air Conditioner

Driving in comfort and arriving fresh and afert is made possible by Buick's optional combination heater and air conditioner. Two rotary controls and two rotary switches provide interior comfort control year around. Turn nated color bands provide clear identification of the various heater and air conditioner positions. Read highest point of band

The "SELECTOR" switch is positioned according to the season, for air conditioning, ventilation or heating

The "REC" position is for maximum air conditioning. Not only is outside air cooled, but a portion of the already cooled air in the car is recirculated through the air conditional cooling.

The "A/C" position is for moderate air conditioning. Only the outside air entering the car is cooled

The "VENT" position provides outside air ventilation into the passenger compartment through the instrument pane outlets. This air is not cooled by the air conditioner although it can be warmed by the heater if desired. There is no cow ventilation on air conditioner-equipped cars.

The "HTR" position provides for norms, heater operation

The "TEMPERATURE" rotary control is used whenever interior heat is desired in the extreme downward position the control is off. Temperature is increased as the control is rotated upward.

The "DEFROST" control is rotated upward when windshield defrosting is desired.

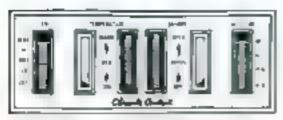
Caution: Operate in either "REC" or "A/C" position for 30 seconds before switching to "DE-FOG" or "DE-ICE". This will remove humid air from the system and minimize rapid fogging of the glass which can occur if humid air is blown onto a cool windshield.

The "FAN" switch turns on the blower to increase air flow through the outlets. This switch has four positions.

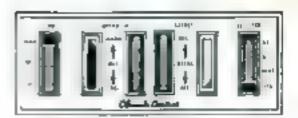
The Illustrations show the proper positions of the controls and switches for the various heater—air conditioner functions

AIR CONDITIONER OPERATION

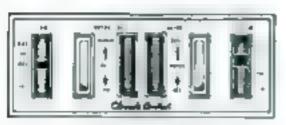
HEATER - DEFROSTER OPERATION



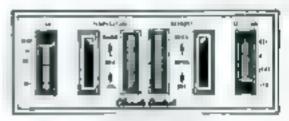
Maximum Air Conditioning



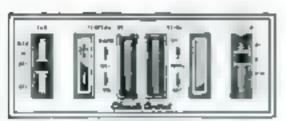
Maximum Host



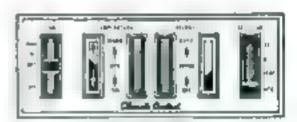
Normal Air Conditioning



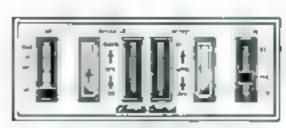
Meximum Defrost



Bland Pasition (Bath Air Conditioning & Heat)



Blend Position (Both Heat & Defrost)



Vent Position

Automatic Climate Control

The optional Buick Automatic Climate Control will warm or cool automatically and yet allow the driver to regulate his comfort preference through the use of two rotary controls.

"TEMPERATURE" Control — Provides an approximate 60° to 85° F nier or car temperature range depending on the indicator position



pending on the indicator position between WARM and COOL (Warm - 85, Norm 75 Cool 65)

SELECTOR" Control Pre-sets the various types of automatic operation

LOW Selling Use during moderate weather or approximately 30 to 70 Flourside temperatures. Temperature control is automatic and low blower speeds vary

accordingly as needed

HIGH Setting Use for fast warm-up or coo-down. Temperature

control is automatic and blower speeds vary ac-

cordingly as needed.

DE-FOG Setting. Directs air flow to the defroster and floor outlets.

while maintaining the system on automatic temperature control. The amount of air directed to the windshield is proportional to the position of

the control between Hi and DEICE

DEICE Setting Directs most of the air to the windshield at higher blower speed while maintaining the system on

automatic temperature control, and operates with-

out delay for engine warm-up.

Note For extreme ice conditions move TEMPERA-

TURE control to WARM if desired

Note:

If the passenger compartment temperature is slightly higher or lower than desired after the system has stabilized, move the TEMPERATURE control one mark at a time. Allow several minutes for the system to reach the new temperature setting. Moving the control to one extreme or the other does not speed up the temperature change and only results in over-heating or over-cooling.

Don't be concerned if blower doesn't start immediately. If the system calls for heat there may be a delay for engine coolant warm-up of the system calls for cooling, also ght delay could also occur.

Air Conditioner Outlets

Each of the three air conditioner outlets has adjustable values. The cool air from the two outer outlets can be reduced or shut off completely by rotating the individual shut-off controls. The center outlet may be shut off by rotating the values to the extreme upward position.

Suggestions for Better Air Conditioning

To obtain maximum cooling from your air conditioner, be certain all windows are closed and the air conditioner out els are open.

In hot weather after the car has been parked in the sun with the windows closed, open the windows for a short period to allow the accumulated heated air to be experted. This will help your air conditioner to cool the car more quickly.

Try this suggestion to increase the comfort of that rear seat passenger riding in the glare of the sun on a very hot day.

Direct the two side air conditioner outlets at the front seat passengers. Direct the center outlet straight rearward in the direction of the rear seat passengers. By carefully rotating the shull officients on the side outlets reduce the air flow to the barest minimum. This will cause the air flow in the center outlet to increase. Thus there is additional cool air directed to the rear seat but still sufficient cooling for the driver and front seat passenger.

Care of Your Buick Air Conditioner

it is suggested that the air conditioner be checked by your Buick Dealer every Spring in preparation for the Summer season

If the car is going to remain in one position for any length of time with the air conditioner operating, transmission shift lever should be in "P" range or "N. This avoids unnecessary load on the engine which may result in overheating under such conditions.

Note: Your Buick Air Conditioner dehumidifies as it cools. Therefore, don't be alarmed about water dripping from underneath your Buick when your Air Conditioner is in operation or has just been shut off. It is probably coming from the Air Conditioner drain hose.

Ventilation

Direct intake of outside air is controlled by left and right vent knobs located at each end of the instrument panel. Pulling on a ther of these knobs permits the entrance of outside air through the respective left or right floor side vents.

Note: Air Conditioner-equipped Buicks introduce untreated outside air through the air conditioner outlets so no cowl ventilation is necessary.

RESTRAINTS

Suitable occupant restraints are available on at 1968 Buicks. Worn properly lap and shoulder belts reduce the chances of death or serious injury in the event of certain types of accidents. Get into the habit of using these belts, and using them properly, every single time you enter your car insist that your passengers use them too " By using them correctly you give the restraints a chance to help prevent in unestand perhaps even save a life.

Show deribe is should not be worn by persons less than 55 inches in height

Lap Belts

Lap belts provide added security and comfort for you and your passengers cap belts are standard equipment for all seating positions on all models. Proper use and care of these beits will assure continuance of this security.

After the front seat has been adjusted to the satisfaction of the driver, grasp the buck eight and the flat metal "eye" end of your individual belt assembly and position the belt across the pelvic area as LOW ON THE PELVIS AS POSSIBLE Insert the metal eye into the open end of the buck eight an audible snap is heard. Make sure the connection is secure and adjust the belt to a SNUG FIT by pulling on the end of the best protruding from the buckle. The snugland ow positions are essent a in order that the force exerted by the lap beit in a collision may be spread over the strong pelvic bone and not across the soft abdominal area. For retractor equipped beits, but retractor has for the bests to a solid stop to make sure that the belt webbing is completely unwound from the retractor drum, then connect the belt and make the necessary adjustments at the buckle for proper fit. To release the beits, simply depress the release tab or button located in the center of the buckle.

Caution: Never use the same belt for more than one person at a time. Be sure to avoid: (a) wearing a lap belt loosely or with slack in the system, and (b) wearing the belt with the webbing wound around the retractor drum.

Shoulder Belts

All modes are equipped with shoulder beit anchors built into the vehicle for all forward facing outboard passengers. All modes except convertible coupes are also equipped with shoulder beits for the driver and the right front seat passenger as standard equipment. Shoulder beits are optional for all other forward facing outboard passengers including all outboard occupants in convertibles.

Shoulder be to should be worn only in conjunction with apibe to and are fastened with individual buckles, and released in the same manner as the lap belts.

A shoulder belt worn without a lap belt could be extremely hazardous to the wearer in case of an accident. Shoulder belts should be lightened only to the point where controls and switches can be easily reached without restriction from the belt. The use of shoulder belts is not recommended for persons less than approximately 55 inches in height, because the belt would cross over the body at a height too near the throat and thereby constitute a source of possible throat murry in an accident. Shoulder belts not in use must be anchored by inserting buckle into retainer latter hooking the webbing over the retaining clip ocated above the center plan on 4-door modes, to prevent buckle end from swinging around The webbing must be removed from the retainer before using the shoulder belt.

Child Restraint

Children in automobiles should be restrained to optimize protection in a front end collision. A restraint system designed by General Motors specifically for children is available from your dealer if children are travelling in a vehicle not exampled with this child restraint system, the following precautions should be taken.

- Children should be placed in the rear seat. Never allow a child to stand or kneel on the rear seat as this raises his center of gravity.
- 2) Intents unable to sit upity themselves should be restrained by pracing them in a covered padded transmet which is praced crossways of the car on the repriser. The last it should be securely restrained with the regular vehicle seat hints. An after nate method is to position the bassing it cosways in the vehicle so that tirests against the back of the front shall.
- (3) When a child is old enough to sit to by himself in a car he should sit on a firm cushion and use the coventional and be to restrain him at the pelius. The cushion hours he as tirm as practical and chaple the child to rick horizonally at lot the car windows.
- (4) The use of the cush on should be discontinued is soon as the child slotdlenough to see out of the carly individe without I
- (5) Do not use shoulder beits on children shorter than a proximate y 55 inches in height
- behind the front seat. This will minimize the passity of his being thrown from the rear compartment during a sudgen stop. However, this method should be used only if more complete restraint cannot be or id.

Care of Belts

Keep belts clean and dry lear with a miding so than in lukewarm water. Neep sharp retries and damaging on initial away from beits. Perindically such and learning that rough and a least one and a least of a major that rough material years to a retrie type of a time of testal at an arm repair or reprint the presticular and a part of the presticular and the presticul

CONVERTIBLE TOPS

In critical region to the period and are a severe relogic contrary epithological setting and rect apportude modes by

INSTRUMENT PANEL

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT PROTECTION

The wiring circuits and in 1968 Suick are protected from short circuits and on action at the circuits in the wiring the fill or a circuit hazard of electrically raised tings a the pit and actions.

REFLECTING SURFACES

The A tash a wilder of a line wild be a disherd moving horn and steer whee a line is a line sheet from any manners from the line and provides a safer more comfortable private and provides a

FUEL GAUGE

The fuel gauge is use pried six that if operates only with the ignition switch on with the ignition of the outlier may in the to rest any where liet ween empty in difficulties.



OIL LIGHT

that he can when the ear with a termed or I goes off when the ear at the time pring was when drive a top or give sever he hed

GENERATOR LIGHT

This git own who the critic witch is turned on, but goes off when the great the time Carmon property of the checked to \$1.0 is the time to the time to the time of the time git the time to the time git the time of the time git the time of time of the time of time of the time of time

"COLD" TEMPERATURE LIGHT

When he cold engine approaches normal operation to live the specific is green of the gods off. This cold lies you that the engine is low wo clough an the heater and the tartapped grant and creased.

Note: Le Sabres do not have the ring temperature, ght

"HOT" TEMPERATURE LIGHT

When the engine too ant becomes dangerously hot, this red light glows showing the word "HO! This light does not glow when the ignition switch is turned on; therefore, to check operation of the light bulb, make certain the light goes on while the engine is cranking if the red light goes on at any other time, the engine should



any other time, the engine should be stopped immediately and the cause of overheating determined.

LIGHTING AND SIGNAL DEVICES

Numerous lighting and sign, devices are provided to elast safe operation in darkness and other moditions of reduced visitally Head amps provide the recissary quieta in nation ahead of the vehicle Parking also marker and to any attentions hear as ararbing the extremities of the view of the resistance of parking which identifies on the array of the array of parking of parking of parking pht to the reason to a confident the fiver has a phieral his tool to the time of the provided the fiver has a phieral his tool to the time of the provided degeneral to make place to assist in identifiative. As a Backup amps provide general to uning the hold he vehicle when the first the confidence of significant to denote the first and the reverse possition which also provides a visit of area of the reverse trust on which also provides a visit of area of the reverse trust on which also provides a visit of area of the reverse trust on which also provides a visit of area of the reverse.

Caution: IT IS THE OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITY to check all lamps, signaling systems and warning lights frequently to be sure they are working properly. Headlamp aim should be checked periodically. It is important that any mathemations be corrected promptly for your safety, and for the safety of others.

BRAKE WARNING LIGHT

If the parking brake is in the anpied position a "Brake light in the instrument clister grows when the ignition switch is furned on This light warms you to release the parting brake before driving the car

This same ight provides an idlational warning Should either the front or rear rule of the dual brave system ose pressure the brake warning light will grow provider; the ight or switch is on and when the service brake pedat is applied.

DIRECTION AND LANE CHANGE SIGNALS

The ign tion switch must be in the on" position in order for the directional The directional Signals to be operational. The directional Signal lever is located on the left side of the steering collumn immediately under the steering white. The lever is moved upward to signal air ght turn and downward to signal air ght turn and downward to signal a left turn tamps continued to an a left turn tamps continued to the front and rear of the car



the front and rear of the car the min this signal to other holorists and pedestrians

In a norm of religion to the control of the tyrenge of the tyrenge of the firm of the control of the control of the series of the firm of

A green ight the some meter (are tashes to indicate proper operation) at the indicator light remains on a undescribed to their three time doubting a amp build the parator to site got when the ever smoved check the tuse and indicator build.

If the system is not functioning priper a legal hand signal should be given since to use to indicate a turn is lorisidered a moving traffic violation in nin , states. A ways signal for a turn of a reasonable distance before actually maken it.

HAZARD WARNING FLASHER

In the event your car is disabled or you stop for any reason on the highway, the hazard warning system which flashes all four turn signals should be used to warn other drivers that your vehicle is a traffic hazard. The system is activated (by pushing nion the button ocated just below the steering wheel on the right side of the steering column). Use this system only when your vehicle is a traffic hazard.



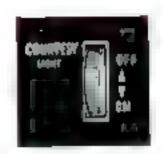
HEADLIGHTS

Pulling the leadlight switch out to the first notch turns on the parking lights at the front and rear. Pulling the switch at the way out turns on the head and tail lights, side marker lights and parking lights. The headlight switch is designed with a positive detent to make it more difficult to accidentally turn off the headlights while driving

The selection of upper or lower headlight beam is controlled by a foot switch located on the floor near the left foot position. When on upper beam a small red light in the speedometer glows to wern that your headlights may bother oncoming drivers.

INTERIOR LIGHTS

The interior ghts lurn on automatically when either door is opened, they may also be furned on by turning the head ight switch knob to the extreme left, or with the courtesy light switch.



INSTRUMENT PANEL LIGHTS

The instrument panel lights turn on with either the parking lights or head ights. However, brightness of the instrument panel lights can be controlled by turning the light switch knob to the left for brighter or to the right for dimmer. When the knob is turned to the extreme right, the instrument panel lights will be off.

COURTESY LIGHTS

The optional courtesy lights turn on automatically when either door is opened. They may also be turned on to the Courtesy Light is with

SIDE MARKER LAMPS

These external angles cated on the side of the front and rear tenders ight continuously will the hear rights are on to provide better nights me visibility.



CORNERING LIGHTS

Cornering light of the experient provide extra light in the direct to your as sit rang. With head this or they operate alternate aly from the forms are over when the ever simpled to his site a turn and term are on stead by until the turn is completed.

CLOCK

The first in the features a sweep such dand and automatic regulation. To result in time is the sent out and time either creation as feed red each time this is done a but automatic regulator causes the clock to run slightly faster in slower. If the clock is running fast turning the hand, in with principle time will a tomatically make time coult funds were if the limit is running slow. Turning the hands to ward will automatically make the clock turning the hands.

Note: Since each automatic regulation only amounts to about 30 seconds in a 24-hour period, the hands must be reset a number of times if much correction is required. If the clock loses or gains over 10 minutes in a 24-hour period, it will never regulate sufficiently - the clock should be removed for repair

CIGARETTE LIGHTER

To operate the digarette lighter simply press in on the lighter knobit will stay in until the element is hot, at which time the lighter will automatically release ready for use

The lighter element is protected by a circuit breaker. Should circuit breaker need resetting, merely pull out the cigarette lighter and push the center pin at the bottom of the lighter receptable with a non-metallic stick or rod.

WINDSHIELD WIPING AND WASHING SYSTEMS

The windshield wiping system operates at two speeds and is designed to wipe clear designated areas of the windshield under most inclement weather conditions The windshield wipers work electrically and are not affected by engine operation.



When turning the rotary switch marked "Wiper", two detents will be felt. The first operates the wiper at slow speed and the second at high speed.

When the washer is desired, rotate the washer switch. It is will direct a stream of fluid in the path of the wiper biades and will start the wiper at slow speed. As soon as the windshield has been wiped clean and dry, turn off the wiper.

Caution: Be sure to have the fluid level in the washer reservoir checked regularly, with special attention to keeping the reservoir filled during periods of heavy use. GM Washer Solvent should be used as directed to prevent freezing damage and for better cleaning of the windshield under all conditions. Do not use satisfor antifreeze as this will cause paint damage.

SPEED ALERT

To the prudent driver who respects sate and legal driving speeds but recognizes that he loo must be reminded of these occasionally the Speed Alert, available at extra cost, is a useful accessory

Setting



A buzzer sounds anytime a pre-

selected speed is exceeded. Speeds above 30 MPH can be preselected by turning the setting knob and pasitioning the speed indicator need elon the desired MPH setting.

GUARDIAN MAINTENANCE SUGGESTIONS

Buck Engineers have made certain maintenance recommendations which they feel will help you keep your Buck running at its best. These suggestions are listed on the following pages by recommended time and mileage intervals. Discuss these with your local Buck dealer Helmay advise shortening the servicing interval on certain tams due to local or individual conditions.

Let your Buick dealer assist you in obtaining the most satisfaction from your Buick automobile



GUARDIAN MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

	PERIODI.	TIME	E INTERVAL	AL	_	MILEAGE	INTERVAL	
RECOMMENDATIONS	WHILE	MONTHS	EVERY MORTHS	NONTHS	EVERY 4,000 MILES	17 000 M 185	EVERY 18 000 MILES	Z4 000 M-165
ENGINE O.1	CHECK LEYIS	CHAMDE			SEE 47 NOTE			
ENGINE OIL FILTER		STE FT NOTE						ľ
FUEL PLITER				RE FT MOTE		SEE FF NOTE		
IM ISION CONTROL CHECK		SFE FT NOTI			511 FT NOTE			
IGNITION POINT DWELL						ADJUST		
IONITION TANING						ADJUST		
IQMITION FO NIS						REPLACE		
DISTRIBUTOR CAM LUBRICATOR						CIEAN GAP	П	
SPARK PLUG WIRES								CHECK
	ļ		SEE FT NOTE		SEE FT NOTE			
PROPERIER SHAFT SLIF SPICKE			SEE FT NOTE		SEE 61 NOTE			
CONSTANT VELOCITY "U" JOINT			SEE FT MOTE		SEE FT HOTE			
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID	j				CHECK LEVEL			CHANGE
MANUAL TRANSM SSION LUBE					CHECK LEVEL			
MASTER BRAKE CYLINDER FLUID					כאנכת וניצנו			

NEAR AXIE LURE	THEOR TENET	
ENGINE COGLANT	CHECK LEVEL	ADD INN BITOR
MANIFOLD HEAT VALVE	CNECK	
CHANKCASE VENTILATION FILTER		CLEAN
CRU SE MASTER PILTERS POST VE CRANKCASE VENTLATOR **		
TIRES	SEE ST NOTE ASE FT NOTE	<u></u>
HAME SELF ADJUSTING MECHANISM	SNI INS	LONE INSPECT
FRONT WHEEL BEARINGS	986 M	SEE FT NOTE
COOLING SYSTEM NOSE CLAMPS		TIGHTEN
INGINI BEC15	CHCCK	
AUTO TRANSMISSION LOW BAND "J. A.		ADJUS*
THO HI ALI CLEANIR ELEMINT		AEPLACI
WINDSHIELD WASNESS FULLD		
BATTER FLUID LIVEL		
MANUAL STEER NO GEAR LUBE		CHECK LAVE
MANUAL TRANSMISSION CLUTCH BODY GUIDER PARTS, HINGES 4	CHECK LASH	
AIR EONDITIONER JAIR	PERCTIONAL	
WHEEL ALIGNMENT & BALANCE	CHECK	

SEE FOOTNOTES ON PAGE 44 + REGURED MAINTENANCE FOR WARRANTY VALIDATION

Footnotes For The Guardian Maintenance Schedule

* Required Maintenance for Warranty Validation,

- Never exceed 6000 miles between changes
- 2 Replace with first oil change then at every second oil change thereafter.
- 3. More often under dusty operation could tions
- 4 Check condition and adjust tension if necessary
- Flush cooling system and replace coolant every 2 years. Maintain freeze protection to at least 0°F.
- 6 Check idle mixture idle speed and ignition timing correct if necessary every 4 months or 6,000 miles, whichever first occurs (oil change interval).
- 7. Check condition of insulation and routing of wires
- Check for proper operation and freeness. Lube with Buick CRC 5-56 or equivalent.
- 9 Includes check all obticant and fluid levels. Repletish as necessary.
- 10 6000 miles or 8 months whichever first occurs
- 11 A so clean transmission strainer or replace transmission filter as aquipped.
- 12 When car is subjected to heavy city traffic during hot weather, or in commercial use when engine idles for long periods change fluid at 12,000 miles.
- 13. Super turb ne teSabre, except LeSabre 400
- 14 Seasonal or periodic change of Jubricant unnecessary
- Use of incorrect fubricant in Positive Traction Differentials can cause chattering on turns.
- 16. Repack front whee bearings when brakes are serviced
- 17 Replace polyurethane foam and paper elements ocated under filter cover.
- 18 More often under certain operation conditions such as sub-zero temperatures trailer had inglextended periods of iding or operation in dusty areas. See section on engine or
- 19 Certain driving conditions require more frequent replacement
- Per odic additions of brake fluid may be necessary on disc brakeequipped cars.
- 21 Replace every 12,000 miles or 12 months, whichever first occurs.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LUBRICANTS & FLUIDS

Item	Recommendation
Body Rubber Parts	GM Part No. 1050019 or suitable silicone lubricant.
Brake Master Cylinder	Ce Supreme No 11 Hydraulic Brake file plan e a valent fleever use renalmed to 3 mineral oil or to 3 mineral to SAE Standard 70-R-3.
Brake Mechanism Self Adjusting	Deilin Moraine Special Brake subricant or equivalent
Constant Velocity U-Joint	Special control or or purpose EP No grade per GM 6040 GM Part No 1050679)
Energizer (Battery)	Clioness stoness drinking water
Engine Coo ant	Matter Awater and a high duality Ethylene Court base type and freeze conforming to GMS in 1879 M GM Part No. 1050027 or errivalent) sufficient to maintain a minimum corresion and freeze protection to 0.5.
Front Suspension & Steering Linkage	Water resistant extreme pressure EPI No. 2 M. + P. reose grease endivale 1 to GM Specification 9985038
Hinges, Latches, or Pivot Points	Engine O., GM Part No. 1050, 10 Lubricant, Lubriplate or equivalent.
Manifold Heat Valve	Buick CRC 5.56 cutricant or equivalent
Propeller Shaft Sip Spine	Special 1951 cant required multipurpose EP Nn. I grade per GM 6040M (GM Part No. 1050679)
Rear Axle, Positive Traction	Special Tubricant required. Maintain level with SAE 90 Gear tube meeting specification for GM Part No. 1050081.
Rear Axle, Standard	Maintain level with SAE 80 or 80-70 Multi- Purpose Gear Lube meeting Mil L 2105B specification.
Steering Gear, Manual	Water resistant extreme pressure (EP) No. 2 Must Purpose grease equivalent to GM Specification 9985038

Steering Gear, Power GM Part No. 1050017 Power Steering Gear Fluid or equivalent

Transmission, Automatic General Motors DEXRON Automatic Transmission Fluid, Part Number 1050568-69-70 which has been especially formulated and tested for use in your automatic transmission.

tested for use in your automatic transmission is recommended. Other Automatic Transmission Fluids identified with the mark

DEXRON are also recommended

Transmission, Manual SAE 80 or 80-90 multi-purpose gear lube

meeting MIL-L-21058 specification

Windshield Washer Mixture of water and GM Part No. 1050001

or equivalent.

P.C.V. VALVES, ETC.

ITEM	USAGE	RECOMMENDATION
Engine Oil Filler	All	AC Type PF-24
Engine Air Cleaner	350 2 Eng ne	AC Type A-169CW (Regular) AC Type A 2270 (Heavy Duly)
Element	350-4 Engine & 430-4 Engine	AC Type A 212CW (Regular) AC Type A 279C (Heavy Duly)
Carburator Fuat Filter	350 2 Engine	AC Type GF 427
	350-4 & 430-4 Engine	AC Type GF-441
Positive Crankcase Vent alor Valve	All	AC Type CV-679C
Automatic Transmission Filter	Super Turbine 400	AC Type PF-168
Cruise Master Filler	All	GM Part No 6465372

Equivalents for the above acceptable if meeting specifications

Caution: In addition to its function of filtering air drawn into the engine through the carburetor, the air cleaner also acts as a fileme arrester in the event the engine backfires. Because backfiring may cause fire in the engine compertment, the air cleaner should be installed at all times unless its removal is necessary for repair or maintenance services.

FUEL REQUIREMENTS

Your Buick is designed to operate efficiently on "Regular" or "Premium" grade fue's commonly sold in the United States and Canada, depending on the engine installed in your car. The table below indicated the fuel grade requirements for various Buick engines.

Engine	Fuel Grade
350-2	Regular
350-4	Premium
430-4	Premium

Use of a fuel which is too low in anti-knock quality will result in "spark knock". Since the anti-knock quality of all regular grade or of all premium grade gaselines is not the same and factors such as altitude, terrain and air temperature affect operating efficiency, knocking may result even though you are using the grade of fuel recommended for your engine. If parsistent knocking is encountered it may be necessary to change to a higher grade of gasoline and, if knocking continues, consult your authorized Buick Dealer.

in any case, continuous or excessive knocking may result in engine damage and constitutes misuse of the engine for which the Buick Motor Division is not responsible under the terms of the Manufacturer's New Vehicle Warranty

Operation in Foreign Countries

If you plan to operate your Buick outside the continental limits of the United States or Canada, there is a possibility that the best fue's available are so low in anti-knock quality that excess ve knocking and serious engine damage may result from their use. To minimize this possibility, contact your Buick Dealer or write to Buick Motor Division, Owner Relations Department, Flint, Michigan 48550, giving.

The compression ratio of the engine (obtain from your Dealer)

- The vehicle identification number (on plate on instrument pane shead of the steering wheel and visible through the windshield, or from registration slip or title.)
- The country or countries in which you plan to travel.

You will be furnished details of adjustments or modifications which should be made to your engine at your Buick Dealership prior to your departure. Failure to make the necessary changes to your car and subsequent operation under conditions of continuous or excessive knocking constitutes misuse of the engine for which the Buick Motor Division is not responsible under the terms of the Buick New Vehicle Warranty. After arriving in a foreign country contact the nearest authorized General Motors Dealer for brand names of the best fuels available and advice as to where they may be purchased.

Fuel Tanks

The fuel tank, filler pipe and all tank connections have been carefully designed to reduce fuel leakage after termination of certain collisions. This design reduces fire hazards in these collisions.

Caution: Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive under certain conditions. Always stop the engine and do not smoke or allow open flames or sparks near the vehicle when refueling if pasoline fumes are noticed while driving, the cause should be determined and corrected without delay.

ENGINE OIL RECOMMENDATIONS

Use only "first line" or sliwhich, according to the laber on the can, are (1) intended for service MS, and (2) pass car makers' tests (including General Motors Standard GM 6041 M). The oil change interval, as recommended in this section on oils is based on the regular use of oil of this quality of engine oil. The majority of the suitable or sicurrently available are multi-viscosity to g., 10W 30) products.

Note: Non-detergent and low quality oils are specifically not recommended. The use of proper engine oils and oil change intervals are your best assurance of continued reliability and performance from your Buick engine.

Checking Oil Level

The engine or should be maintained at proper level. The best time to check it is before operating the engine or as the last step in a fuel stop. This will allow the normal oil accumulation in the engine to drain back in the crankcase. To check the level, remove the oil gauge rod (dip stick), wipe it clean and reinsert it for an accurate reading. The oil gauge rod is marked "Operating Range". The oil level should be maintained in the safety margin, neither going above the "Operating Range" line nor below the "Add 1 Qt" line. Reseat the gauge rod firmly after taking the reading.

Engine Oil Change Interval

Change engine oil each 4 months, except that if more than 5,000 miles are driven in a 4-month period, change oil every 5,000 miles. This interval applies to the initial change as well as subsequent oil changes. The oil change interval for Buick engines is based on the use of oils that meet the requirements indicated in the section on "Engine Oil Recommendations" Oil change intervals longer than 4 months or 5,000 miles will result in sections reductions in engine if fe and may effect Buick's obligation under the provisions of the New Vehicle Warranty

Certain atmospheric and/or driving conditions including prolonged operations at sub-zero temperature or under extremely dutity conditions, frequent trailer having, and extensive iding necessitate more frequent oil and filter changes.* Operation in dust storms may require an immediate change of both oil and filter. See your Buick Dealer for advice on frequency of oil and filter changes because of unusual driving conditions.

A high quality MS oil meeting General Motors Standard GM 6041-M was installed in your engine at the factory. It is not necessary to change this factory-installed oil prior to the recommended normal change period. However, the oil level should be checked more frequently during the break in period since somewhat higher oil consumption is normal until the piston rings in the engine become seated.

 In many such situations, oil change intervals should not exceed 2 months, or 3,000 miles, whichever occurs first, and similarly, filter changes should not exceed 4 months or 6,000 miles, whichever occurs first.

Recommended Viscosity

The following chart will serve as a guide in selecting the proper oil viscosity. In addition to providing proper fubrication, the correct viscosity helps assure good cold and hot starting by reducing friction and thus increasing cranking speed.

Anticipated Temperatures	Viscosity Number
Above Fraezing (+32° F.)	SAE 10W-30 or \$AE 20W
Below Freezing and Above 0° F	SAE 10W-30 or \$AE 10W
Below 0° F	SAE 5W-20 or SAE 5W

Note: When changing oil consider the anticipated temperatures for the next 4 months.

SAE 5W and 5W-20 oils are not recommended for sustained high speed driving

SAE 30 and SAE 20W-40 oils may be used at temperatures above 90° F.

SAE 5W-30 oils may be used at temperatures below 32° F.

SAE 10W-40 oils may be used at temperatures between 0° F. and 90° F.

Oil Additives

The use of "break-in" oils, "fune-up" compounds, "friction reducing" compounds, etc., in your Buick engine is not recommended. However, there are additive supplements available that can be helpful under certain conditions. For example, if higher detergency is required to reduce varnish and sudge deposits, a thoroughly tested and approved concentrate. - Buick H.D. Concentrate. - is available at your Buick dealer who can advise you regarding its use.

or "Engine Oil Supplement"

Engine Oil Filter Replacement

The engine oil filter should be replaced at the first engine oil change and every second oil change thereafter. This recommendation is based on the use of an engine oil which meets the requirements indicated in the section on "Engine Oil Recommendations", and the use of the applicable AC or equivalent quality replacement oil filter.

COOLING SYSTEM

The cooling system of your Buick is a sea ed pressure type which simply means that the coolant boiling point is considerably higher than a system that is not pressurized Rad afor coolant level should be checked when the engine is cold if at all possible if the radiator cap is removed when the system is at normal operating temperature, the coolant will boil and sport out due to the release of pressure if add tions coolant is needed, fill radiator in line or above tip of "FILL COLD" arrow.



Coolant Recommendations

The inhibited year-around engine coolant used to fill the cooling system at the factory is a high quality solution that meets General Motors Specification 1899-M. This factory-fill coolant solution is formulated to withstand two full calendar years of normal operation without draining, provided the same concentration of coolant is added if the system needs additional fiuld between drain periods. The original factory fill coolant provides freezing protection to 20° F.

Every two years, the coolant system should be serviced as follows:

- Drain coolant, when hot, through the radiator drain valve.
- 2. Close valve and add sufficient plain water to fill system.
- 3 Run engine until normal operating temperature is reached.
- 4 Drain and ref II the system as described in steps 1, 2, and 3 a sufficient number of times until the drained liquid is coloriess.

- 5 Allow system to drain completely and then close radiator drain valve rightly.
- 6 Add the necessary amount of high quality inhibited glyco, base cog ant meeting GM Specification 1899-M to provide the required freezing and corrosion protection (at least to 0° F)
- 7 Run engine until normal operating temperature is reached.

This the owner's responsibility to keep the freeze protection at a level commensurate with the temperatures which may occur in the area in which the vehicle will be operated Regardiess of whether freezing temperatures are or are not expected, cooling system protection should be maintained at least to 0° Filto provide adequate corrosion protection. When adding solution due to loss of coolant for any reason or in areas where temperatures lower than =20° Filmay occur, a sufficient amount of an ethylene glycol base coolant meeting GM Specification 1899-M should be used.

Note: Alcohol or methanol base coolants or plain water are not recommended for your Buck at any time.

Thermostat

The cooling system is protected and controlled by a thermostat installed in the engine water outlet to maintain satisfactory operating lemperature of the engine. This thermostat is designed for continuous use through both Winter and Summer and need not be seasonally changed.

Radiator Cap

The rad afor cap is especially designed to pressurize the cooling system and to prevent loss of codiant. It will not open to vent the cooling system until the pressure exceeds approximately 15 pounds per square inch.

Caution: When the engine is at normal operating temperature or above, the internal pressure built up in the cooling system will blow out scalding fluid and vapors if the radiator cap is suddenly removed. To prevent loss of coolent and to avoid the danger of being burned, the coolent level should be checked or coolent added only when the engine is cool. If the cap must be removed when the engine is hot, place a doth over the cap and rotate the cap slowly counterclockwise to the first stop and allow pressure to escape completely. Then turn cap again slowly counterclockwise to remove.

TIRES

The factory installed tires on your car are selected to provide the best all around tire performance for all normal operation. When inflated as recommended in the tire inflation pressure table, they have the toad carrying capacity to operate satisfactorily at all loads up to and including the specified full rated load at all normal highway speeds.

In addition, for those owners who prefer the utmost in comfort optional tire inflation pressures may be used when loads of five passengers or less are carried.

Inflation Pressure

To ensure the proper tire inflation pressures for your particular requirements follow the recommendations in the tire inflation pressure table. Keep tire properly inflated, and check and ation pressure periodically. This will ensure you of the best tire life and riding comfort, over the full range of driving conditions.

	RECOMMENDED TIRE INFLATION PRESSURES				
WODEL	TIRE PLY	STANDARD INFLATION FOR ALL LOADS INCLUDING FULL BATED LOAD	OPTIONAL INFLATION FOR REDUCED LOAD		
Le Sabre Wilden Electra 225	4 Ply Rating 2 Ply B Radial Ply	1 to 6 Passengers - 200 fbs. Leggage (1100 fbs. Load) Front Rear 74 PS) 76 PSI	1 to 5 Passangers (750 lbs, Max.) Frunt Rear 24 PSI 24 PSI		

Notes:

- Tire inflation pressures may increase as much as 6 pounds per square inch when hot
- 2 For continuous high speed operation lover 75 MPH) increase the inflation pressures 4 pounds per square inch over the recommended pressures up to a maximum of 32 pounds per square inch cool for 4 ply rating tires or 40 pounds per square inch (cool) for 8 ply rating tires. Sustained speeds above 75 MPH are not recommended when the 4 pounds per square inch adjustment would require pressures greater than the maximums stated above.
- 3. Cool tire inflation pressure lafter vehicle has been inoperative

- for 3 hours or more or driven less than one mile.

 Hot tire inhalian pressure, after vehicle has been driven ten miles or more at 60-70 miles per hour.
- 4 Vehicles with luggage racks do not have a vehicle load limit greater than specified in the tire in that on label.
- 5 When towing trailers, the allowable passenger and cargo load must be reduced by an amount equal to the trailer longue bad on the trailer hitch.

	TIRE	USAGE	
Model	Standard *	Optional Oversize	Optional Radial Ply 1
Le Sabre Wildeat	8 45 15	8-85 - 15	225R - 15
Electra 225	8 85 15		225R + 15

^{*} All tres listed above are 4 ply rating - 2 ply tires

Optional Tires

Optional tres if sted in the at overable are not necessary on passenger cars for norm; requirements. However, an extra marq hiofitre service is available when the elliptions are used at loads up to and including full rated load.

In either case, these tires are applicable to traver lowing or when an extra margin of tire service is the full use of a larger life or a radial ply tire should not be construed as permitting an increase in the full rated vehicle god over that specified in the tire introduce pressure table.

Optional Radial Ply Tires

Because of the stiffering that under the tread low speed boulevard ride may be somewhat har ter than normally experienced with conventional tires. The wider of at no appearance of the radial tire is also normall and the standard interior pressures recommended in the Owner's Manual should be followed. To achieve best all around vehicle performance radial ply tires and conventional tires should not be mixed on the same car.

Tread Wear Indicator

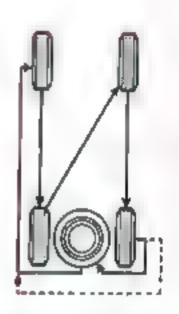
A decrease in traction and anti-skid properties, as well as road hazardires stance occurs as tires become worn out. The original equipment tires on your Buick incorporate built-in tread wear indicators to assist you in judging when your tires should be replaced. These indicators are molded into the bottom of the tread.



grooves and will appear as 1, 2 inch wide bands when lire tread depth becomes 1, 6 of an inch. When the indicators appear in two or more adjacent grooves, lire replacement is recommended.

Tire Rotation Information

To equalize wear it is recommended that the fires be rotated every 6,000 miles upon rotation, the pressure must be adjusted front and rear) in accordance with the recommendations in the tire inflation pressure table.



Solid arrows indicate norms totation. Dotted tines indicate omission of spate title relation should owner prefer

Tire Changing

Note: The rear wheelhouse opening covers must be removed on the W doal and Electra 225 Series prior to removal of the rear wheels. (See removal instructions,

To change a wheel, proceed as follows

- Set parking brake and place transmission in PARK (manual shift transmission place in reverse). With any available block of wood or a rock, block wheel which is diagonally opposite the one to be changed.
- 2 From the luggage compartment remove spare wheel and fire ,ack jack base and jack handle.
- Pry off wheel cover using flat end of combination jack handle and wheel not wrench. Exercise extra care in removing cover to prevent damage to its outer lip.
- 4 Loosen, but do not remove whee nots with whee nut wrench
- 5 Assemble jack into act base and place small control lever in the up iposition. Place tack as shown in the able attitled to the inside of the trunk lid and move handle up and down to raise jack into its proper position on the bumper.
- Raise car off ground and wheel is clear. Check stable by of car on ack and then remove wheel hulls and wheel
- 7 Install spare whee and install whee muts linger tight
- 8 Place small control ever in down position and ower wheel until
 1 ust touches the ground folly tighten wheel nuts cover can
 and remove jack Carefully install wheel cover
- Pep ace ack and wheel in luggage compartment and lighten them securely to avoid rathes.

Caution: Do not use jack for other than the purpose it was intended. For safety sake, never get beneath the car when it is supported only by the bumper jack. Always use safety stands to support frame if it is necessary to get under car.

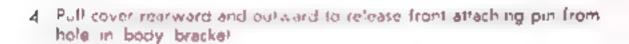
On care equipped with a Positive Traction Differential, do not run the engine for any reason with one rear wheel off the ground as the car may drive through the rear wheel remaining on the ground.

Wildcat and Electra 225 Rear Wheelhouse Opening Cover

Removal:

- 1. Reach up under cover just rearward of its center. The hor zontal rod that can be felt is the locking handle. Push it upward to free it from the inner up to the wheelhouse opening cover.
- Pull handle, downward to release center of cover from body



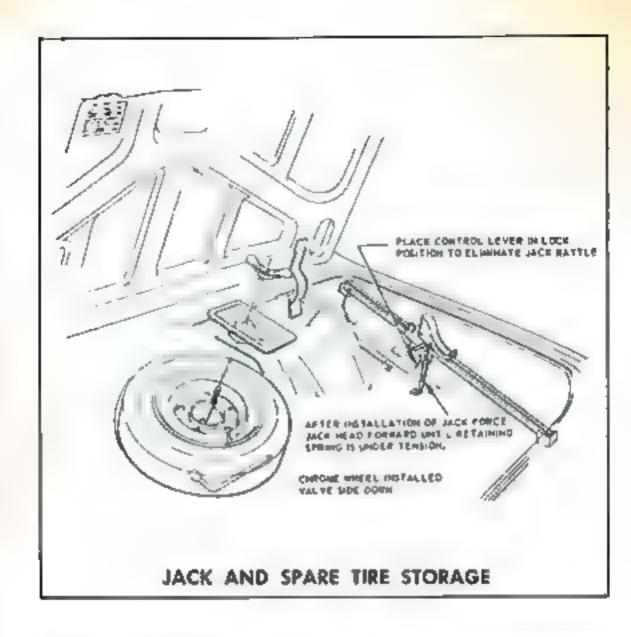


Installation:

Position cover to engage front attaching pin in body bracket hole.

- 2 Mook rear bracket over pin in body
- 3 Press cover panel to body with one hand and push lever upward with the other hand until thorks behind tip of cover panel.

Note: If the chains are installed on the rear wheels, the rear wheels ho selepting covers should be removed to prevent possible interference and damage to the covers.



EXTENDED VEHICLE STORAGE

If you plan to store your Bulks over an extensived seried of time certain steps should be taken to give it may the protection it is reconsitived that you write Bulk Motor Division. Claimer Relations Delatiment Fint, Michigan 48550 for detailed instructions or how to prepare your Bulck for storage.

CARE OF THE INTERIOR

Dust and dirt that accume ales on the poholstery should be removed every few weeks with a soft brush whish broom or vacuum cleaner. Acceptable cleaners for fabric cleaning are available through Bulck

dealers or other reputable supply outliefs. Before attempting to remove spots or stains from upholstery, determine as accurately as possible the nature and age of the spot or stain, and the effect of stain removing agents on the color and its general appearance for best results, stains should be removed as soon as possible.

Cleaning Fabrics With Liquid Cleaners

Use very life cleaner got pressure and clean cloths. With light pressure and a clean of thiring notion rub stained area starting at the outer edge and work in the center. Blot dry with clean white notice it ring forms won entire area of the trim assembly. Some cleaning that are tox iso to two presentions on ontainer.

Caution. When cleaning interior fabrics or carpeting, do not use volatile cleaning solvents such as ecetone, facquer thinners, carbon tetrachloride, enamel reducers, nail polish removers, or laundry toaps, bleaches and reducing agents

NEVER USE GASOLINE OR NAPHTHA FOR ANY CLEANING PURPOSE

Removal Of Specific Stains

Blood

Wipe with clean toth my stered with cold water. Use no soop.

Candy

Chocolate use cloth spaked in Tukewarm water. Other than chocolate use very het water. Dry Add ight application of cleaner if necessary.

Chewing Gum

Harden gum with ice cube and scrape off with dulikhife. Moisten with cleaning fluid and scrape again.

Fruit Stains, Liquor and Wine

Wipe with cloth soaked in very hist water it necessary use ight application of cleaning field. Soap and water not recommended as it might set stain.

Grease and Oil

Scrape off excess with dire knife. Use, good cleaner application

Ice Cream

Same as fruit steins

Vomitus

Sponge with clean cloth dipped in clear cold water. Wash lightly with ukewarm water and mild neutral soap. If odor persists, treat area with a water baking soda so ut on it leaspoon baking soda to one cup of tepid water). Rub again with clean cloth and cold water finally if necessary use light cleaning fluid application.

Paste or Wax Type Shoe Polish

Light application of cleaning fluid

Tar

Remove excess with du! knife moisten with cleaning fluid, scrape again, tub lightly with additional cleaner.

Urine

Sponge stars with lukewarm spapsods from mild neutral spap on clean cloth rinse with croth spaked in cold water saturate cloth with one part household ammon a water and five parts water apply for one minute rinse with clean well cloth.

For more complete information, see your Buick Dealer or ocal dry cleaner

CARE OF THE EXTERIOR

Washing

Dust, dirt and other gritty substances should never be dry wiped from your Buick's. Magic Mirror acrysic linish. Wash your car often to keep it clean. Hot water harsh detergents, and strong soap should never be used in areas where sait is spread on icy roads, or calcium chipride on dusty roads, wash the car more frequently than usual to prevent damage to the finish. Some owners may prefer adding to the lustre of their cars finish by using Buick Finish Guard Wash and Graze or equivalent as an additional washing aid.

Polishing And Waxing

Even though the acrylic paint on your car is more durable than conventional finishes, under certain conditions you may wish to wax or polish your car to provide maximum protection. Calcium chloride and other salts road oil and tar tree sap, chemicals from factory

chimneys and other foreign matter may damage any known automobile finish if allowed to remain in contact with the paint. Prompt washing may not thoroughly remove these deposits particularly in areas where these exposure conditions are severe. Properly applied polishes and waxes, such as Buick Firish Guard Cleaner and Giaze, Porcelain ze or Buick Firish Guard Hard Plate Wax or equivalent, will provide the best protection for your car.

Note. Some chemical cleanurs used for removing road oil and tars from painted surfaces may be detrimental to acrylic finishes. When purchasing a cleaner, make sure that the contents can be safely used on an acrylic finish.

Metal Trim

To keep the bright metal trim sparkling like new it should be washed with clear water using a mild detergent if rust or salt corrosion should appear on the chrome parts, they may be removed with Bulck Rust Eraser or edu valent. Do not use scouring powders cleaning compounds or stiff brushes. An application of Buick Chrome Gard or equivalent will offer projection and retard deterioration of chrome plated parts.

Whitewall Tires

Use mild soap, warm water and a stiff brush to remove road grime and curb dirt for severe cases of dirt or grime. It may be necessary to use a fine steel wool frever use gasoline korosene, or any or product that will discolor or deteriorate rubber.

Fabric Roof Cover

Wash frequently with neutral soap suds lukewarm water and a brush with soft bristles.

If cover requires add-tional cleaning after using soap and water a mild toaming cleanser can be used Rinse entire top with water then apply cleanser to entire top. Scrub with a small soft bristle brush, adding water as necessary. Remove so age with cloth or sponge, clean again. After cleaning rinse generously with clear water to remove all traces of cleanser.

Important Keep soaps and cleaners from running onto body and drying

ENERGIZER (Battery)

Care of the Energizer is very simple but extremely important

1 Check find level often addicoloriess oddriess drinking water as required to bring level to split ring at bottom of filler well find level can be seen through Deico Eye.

Eye Glows - Level Correct Eye Glows - Level Low



- 2 Keep Energizer clean Brush clean with ammonia or baking sodal solution flush off with clean water. Apply petroleum elly to terminals.
- F Energizer performance becomes questionable have your Buick dealer test it

Caution: Since normal battery (or Energizer) chemical action generals hydrogen gas which is highly explosive when mixed with air, never expose the battery to an open flame or electric spark. Also, avoid getting battery floid, which is sulfuric acid solution, on akin, on clothing or other fabrics, or on painted surfaces. Eye protection should be wern while working on the battery for any reason.

A WORD ABOUT VEHICLE EMISSIONS

All new 1968 Buicks are certified by the United States Department of Health, Education, and Welfare as conforming to the requirements of the regulation for the control of air pollution from New Motor Vehicles and New Motor Vehicle Engines.

General Motors has developed control systems which are highly effective in reducing undestrable crankcase and exhaust emissions tils very important that the owner make certain that the engine is serviced regularly in order to maintain its efficiency and to keep emission below maximum allowable limits.

The emission control systems on your 1968 Built are relatively easy to maintain requiring only specific services as recommended by Built To function properly, these systems must be inspected periodically and an engine tune-up performed at specified intervals by qualified repairment. For ready reference, performed information regarding ignition timing and idle speed and tue implies specifications is shown on a sticker attitued under the hood of your vehicle following the prescribed maintenance services will help assure cleaner air and will provide better running longer astinglengines for greater at around satisfaction economy and performance.

Positive Crankcase Ventilation (P.C.V.)

The Positive Crankcase Ventual on system which is standard equipment on your vehicle, prevents emission of gases from the crankcase. The PCV system connects the crankcase and intake manifold of the engine and crankcase gases are retirmed through this system to the combustion chamber where they are burned. Periodic inspection and required servicing of your PCV system assures a cleaner, better performing, onger-lasting engine. A plugged PCV system results in a loss of crankcase ventuation which can cause condensation of gases in the crankcase resulting in the formation of acids, sludge buildupland oil digit on This also results in an increase in exhaust emissions due to carburetor enrichment.

Every 12 months or 12 900 miles whichever occurs first the PCV valve should be replaced. Also, all hoses, tiltings and the metial filler should be inspected cleaned and teplaced if necessary.

Note of the positive crankrase ventrator valve should become clogged the engine die will be adversely affected. Therefore if the engine idle becomes tools ow or rough the vertrator valve should be checked before any carburetor adjustments are made to compensate for the trouble.

Controlled Combustion System (C.C.S.)

The Controlled Compustion System is designed to reduce air polition from exhaust emissions by improving combustion efficiently to 5 entirely separate from the Positive Ventuating system. This is done by providing heated air to the carburetor which permits running on

eaner mixtures for improved combustion. Other engine modifications consist of a special calibrated carburetor and distributor and related components. Complete effectiveness of the system, as well as full power and performance, depends upon idle speed, ignition timing, and idle fuel mixture being set according to specification. A quality tune-up, which includes these adjustments, should be performed periodically to assure normal engine efficiency, operation, and performance.

SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA

IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

Vehicle Identification Number

This is the legal identification number which appears on the body and engine of the vehicle, is punched in the Owner Protect on Plan book et, imprinted on the Protect-O-Plate attached to the inside back cover of the Owner Protection P an bookfet, and on the Vehicle Certificates of Title and Registration.

Body Location - Embossed on a plate attached to the top of the instrument panel on the driver's side and easily seen through the windshield from outside the car

Engine Location - On the 350-2 & 350-4 engines this number appears on the left, front face of the cylinder block.

On the 430-4 engine it is stamped on the cylinder block to be viewed between the front branches of the left exhaust manifold.

Engine Production Code Number

In a engine number has no legal significance, but identifies the type of engine for factory and dealer use. This number is also stamped on the engine block, and viewed between the branches of the left exhaust manifold.

Body Identification Numbers

The body style number, body serial number, trim number and paint code are shown on a plate affixed to the left side of the cowl and can be seen when the hood is raised.

MODELS AND DIMENSIONS

Se	ries and Body Style	Model Number	Wheel Base	Over-All Length	Over-All Width	Height
	Le Sabre					
2-Dr	Coupe Herdlop	45287	123	217.5	80.0	55.2
4-0r	Hardtop	45239	123	217.5	80 0	54.7
4-Dr	Sedan	45269	123	2175	80.0	55 5
	Le Sabre Custom					
2-0r	Coupe Herdlop	45487	123	217 5	80.0	54 8
4-Dr	Hardtop	45439	123	217 5	80.0	54.7
2-Dr	Convertible	45467	123	217.5	80.0	55 2
4-Dr	Sedan	45469	123	2175	800	55 5
	W .dcat					
2-Dr.	Coupe Herdtop	46487	126	220.5	80.0	54 6
4-Dr	Hardrop	46439	126	220 5	80.0	54.5
4-Dr	Seden	46469	126	220 5	80.0	55.3
	Wildcat Custom					
2-Dr	Coupe Hardtop	46687	126	220.5	80.0	54.6
4-Dr	Hardlop	46639	126	220.5	80.0	\$4.5
2-Dr	Convert bie	46667	126	220 5	80.0	55.0
	Electra 225					
2-0r	Coupe Herdiop	48257	126	224 9	80.0	54 8
4-Dr	Hardtop	48239	126	224 9	80.0	54.8
4-0r	Sedan	48269	126	224 9	80.0	56.3
	Electra 225 Custom					
2-0r	Coupe Hardlop	48457	126	224.9	80.0	54.8
4-br	Hardlop	48439	126	224 9	80.0	54 B
2-Dr	Convertible	48467	126	224 9	80 D	54.8
4 Dr	Sedan	48469	126	224 9	80.0	563

ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA

ENGINE	350-2	350-4	430-4
Bors and Stroke	3.80 x 3.85	3.80 m 3.85	4.1875 × 3.90
Compression Ratio	90 to 1	10 25 to 1	10 25 to 1
Cubic Inch Displacement	350	350	430
Norsepower (Totality)	44.2	46.2	56 11
Harrepower Brake)	230 is 4400 NPM	280 à 4600 RFM	360 @ 5000 RPM
Firing Order	1-8-4 3-6-5-7-2	14-43-65-73	1443657-2
Code Number Prefex	PO	PT	PO

CAPACITIES

ltem	U.S. Measure	Imperial Measure	Metric Measure
Gazoline Tank (Approx.	25 Gal	20 9 Gal.	94 9 Liters
Cos ing System—350 Engine			
Loss Heater	12.4 On	10 3 Qir.	91.7 Litera
With Heater	13.2 QH,	11 0 QH.	124 liters
With Air Conditioner	13.6 Oil.	11.3 Qts.	12 8 Litera
Cosing System—430 Engine			
Less Heater	14 Qts	13.3 06.	15.1 Litera
With Heater	167 Qts.	13 F Ois.	15 II Liters
With Air Conditioner	17 Qrs.	14.2 Qn.	16.1 Lilars
Crankcase (All)	4 Ots.	33 Ois.	3.8 Liters
With Naw Filter	5 QH.	42 Ots.	4.7 Litera

TUNE-UP SPECIFICATIONS

Engine Belt Tensions	Consult Your Dealer
Distributor Paint Opening	.016"
Distributor Point Dwell	
Spark Plugs	
350-2 & 350-4 Engines	AC Type 4515
430-4 Engine	AC Type 44TS
Spark Plug Gap	
Ignition I ming. Vacuum Advance Disconnected)	0 or TDC
Engine Idie	
Automalic Transmission in drive ranger	550 RPM
Man al Transmission	700 RPM

ENERGIZER SPECIFICATIONS

LeSabre	Delro R59 2 900 walls 4 0 61 Amp. Hrs. @ 20 Hr Rate
Wildral & Blectra 275	Delro Y7) 3 000 walts α 0 70 Amp. Hrs. @ 20 Hr Rate

FUSES

FUSES AND THE CIRCUITS THEY PROTECT		Length In Inches
C.K. LTR, CTSY Glove Box Dome, Buzzer & Trunk Lights	20	114
DIR SIG BACK-UP, Cruise & Rear Defroster	20	1½
GAUGES, Fuel Gauge Brake Warning Light, Oil, Hot & Generator Lights	10	12
HEATER-A C Blower & Compressor Clutch	25	1%
INST_LPS	4	34
POWER ACCSY, Power Windows, Top, Vents, Seat - Circuit Breaker on Fuse Block	40	11/4
RAD O & Ola Light, Power Antenna, Power Window Relay & Transmission Solenoid	10	La
STOP, HAZ. Flasher & Indicator Lights	20	124
TAIL License, Cornering, Side Marker & Parking Lights, instrument Lamps & Rheostat	20	174
W PER & Washer Motor	20	1.4
Headlights - Circuit Breaker in Light Switch	15	19

DO NOT USE

FUSES OF HIGHER

AMPERAGE

RATING THAN

THOSE SPECIFIED

LIGHT BULBS

Location	Bulb No.	Candlepower
Ash Tray	1445	5
Auto. Trans. Control Dial (Console)	1816	3
Back-Up (LeSabre & Wildcar)	1157	32 4
Back-Up (Electra 225) Augustinia	1156	32
Brake Warning	194	2
Clock	1893	2
Cornering Lights	1293	50
Courtesy Lights (Console and Rear Seal)	90	6
Courtesy Lights runder instrument Panel)	89	6
Cruise Cantrol Indicator	181	3
Dome, Roof Center	1004	15
Generator Charge Indicator	194	2
Gigve Box	1893	2
Headlight Hight Beam Indicator	194	2
Headlight, Type 1 (Inner)	4001,	37.5 watts
Headlight, Type 2 (Outer)	4002 L	37 5 55 walts
Heater, Air Conditioner Control Diel	53	1
Instrument Cluster Dials	194	2
Lights, Wiper, Washer and Ignition	181	3
License	97	4
Oil Pressure indicator	194	2
Radio Diel	1892	2
Side Marker, Front (Amber)	194 A	2
Side Marker, Rear	194	2
Turn Signal and Parking, Front (Natura: Amber)	1157 NA	32-4
Turn Signel, Tail and Stop, Rear	L. 1157	32 4
Turn Signal Indicator	194	2
Trunk 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	89	6
Water Temperature (adicator (Cold or Hol)	194	2

fid fficulty is encountered in replacing a light bulb, consult your Buick Dealer



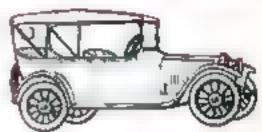
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